

Developing a Unified Network Information Service

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InCNTRE



What is UNIS?

- UNIS – Unified Network Information Service is a general directory service
 - Think DNS – find what exists and how to contact it
 - Provides more details about the network and services
- The “unification” in question is that of the perfSONAR Lookup Service and Topology Service (“United”)
 - Implementation-wise, they are very similar
 - The LS is used for service location and metadata and the TS is primarily used in OSCARS
 - The perfSONAR architecture has other use-cases
 - We assert that distributed network CI needs one



Software

- Key goal: update the perfSONAR Lookup Service
 - Very successful, but frozen. Must not become an impediment to growth!
 - ESnet is leading the charge!
- Update from Web Services of 2003 to 2013
 - XML over SOAP - XMLDB seemed like a good idea at the time...)
 - RESTful interfaces JSON over HTTP with noSQL backend (GET, PUT, POST, DELETE)
 - Simple syntax translation – objects are the same



Unified

- As mentioned, the implementations of the LS and TS are similar
- More importantly, the information models are related, intertwined
- Not just a list of services and how to contact them, but a network graph annotated with the services
 - Not only services like perfSONAR MAs and MPs, but the services offered by network devices



UNIS Elements

- Network Resource (Lifetime, Location)
- Node, Port, Link
- Network (-> Node), Path (-> Link)
- Layer/technology specific attributes
 - Different for Optical, Ethernet, IP



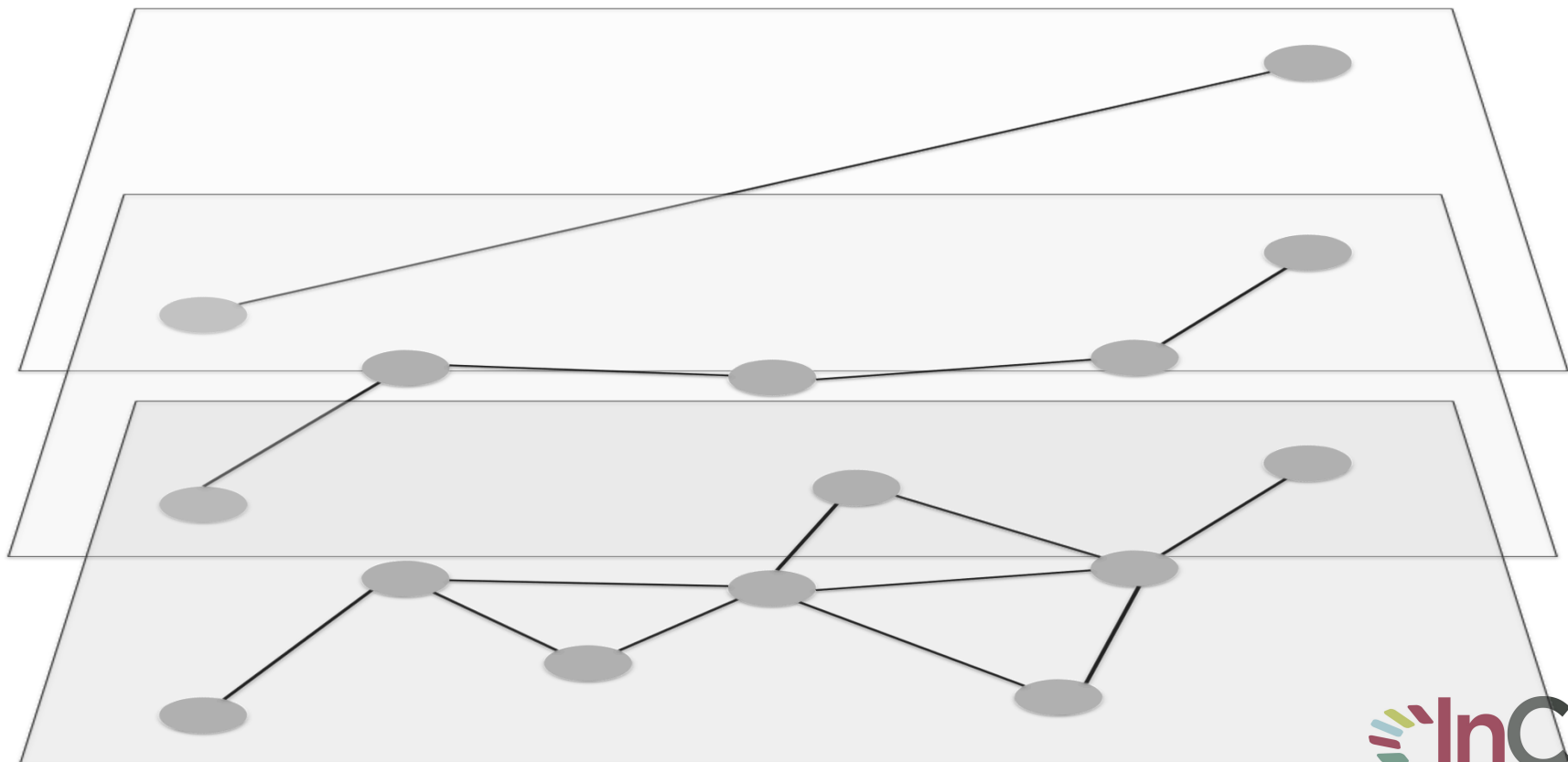
GENI

- Our work in GENI (GEMINI and LAMP) is to extend perfSONAR in an implementation we call Periscope
 - Collaborators at LBL: Dan Gunter, Taghrid Samak
- First unification of LS and TS with integral AA
 - SSL and ABAC
- Integration of new metrics including L2 circuit metrics developed as part of DOE-funded ESCPS (with FNAL and BNL)
- Configuration of running services like Windows Registry



Network Topology

- Multi-layer network topology
 - Metadata for measurements
 - Interconnection information
 - Path information (Pathfinding, troubleshooting)



Northbound Interface for SDN

- We believe that a RESTful network topology interface is a natural northbound interface for application interaction with SDN
 - Many others in the community agree
- Ezra Kissel's talk yesterday highlights SDN peering
 - Same basic topology elements
 - New layer for flowspace (once authenticated, you see your view of manipulatable flowspace)

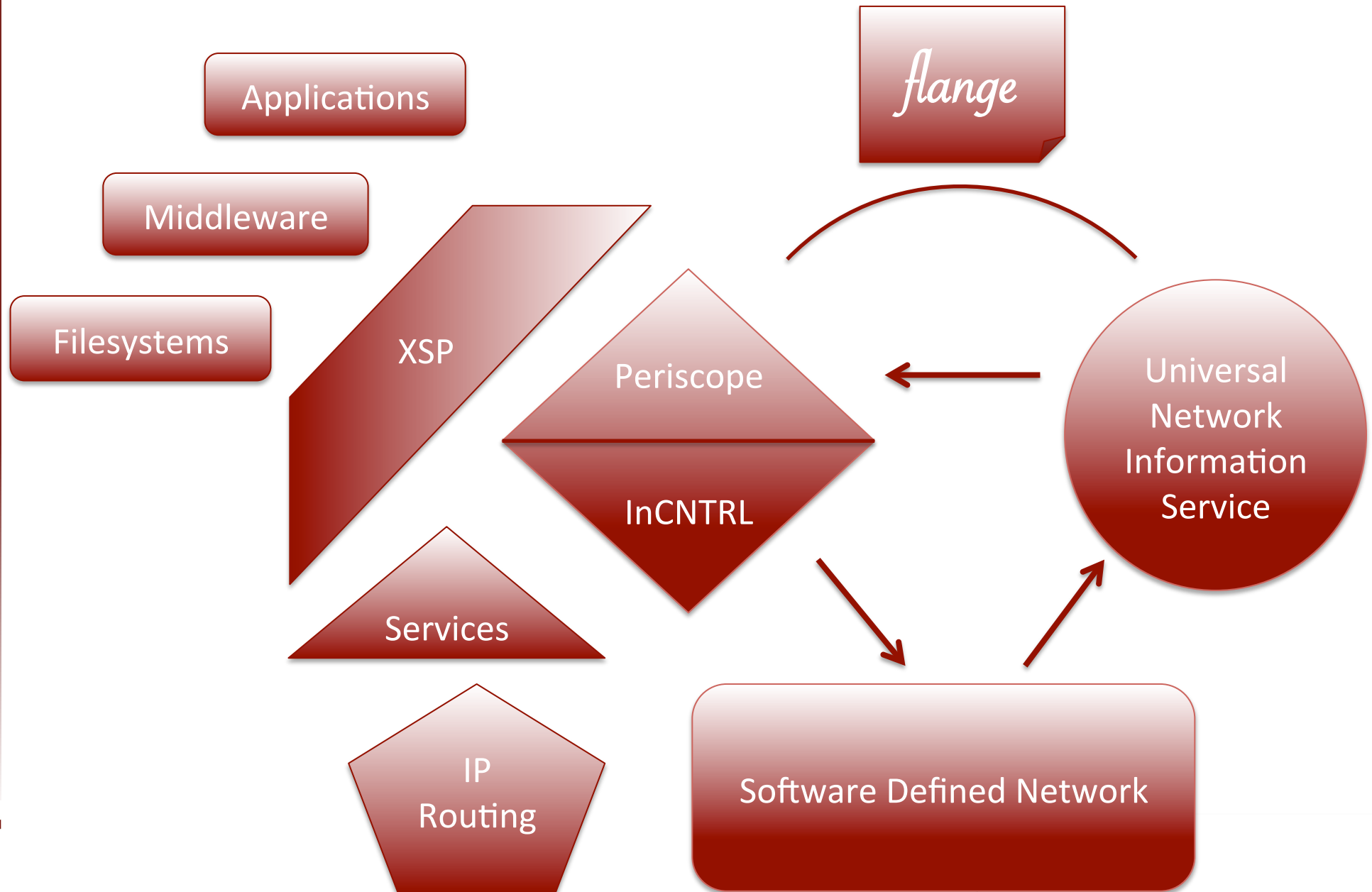


New Work: *flange*

- Domain specific language for representing and programming networks
- Functional reactive model
 - Programming the forwarding function
- Declarative network configuration
 - Network-wide invariants



InCNTRE SDN Architecture



Summary: UNIS is general CI

- perfSONAR – measurement metadata, service configuration
- OSCARS/OESS – topology for pathfinding
- SDN Peering – inherent multilayer representation
- Phoebus – accelerator location
- CC-NIE – Globus Online, Data Logistics Toolkit with Vanderbilt and UTK



Questions?

Thanks to our colleagues at IU, ESnet and Internet2

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