

Building A Sustainable Cyberinfrastructure In the Campus and Across the Region

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Cyberinfrastructure

Cyberinfrastructure (CI) consists of computational systems, data and information management, advanced instruments, visualization environments, and ***people, all linked together*** by software and advanced networks to improve scholarly productivity and enable knowledge breakthroughs and discoveries not otherwise possible.

– Developing a Coherent CI, CASC/EDUCAUSE, February 2009

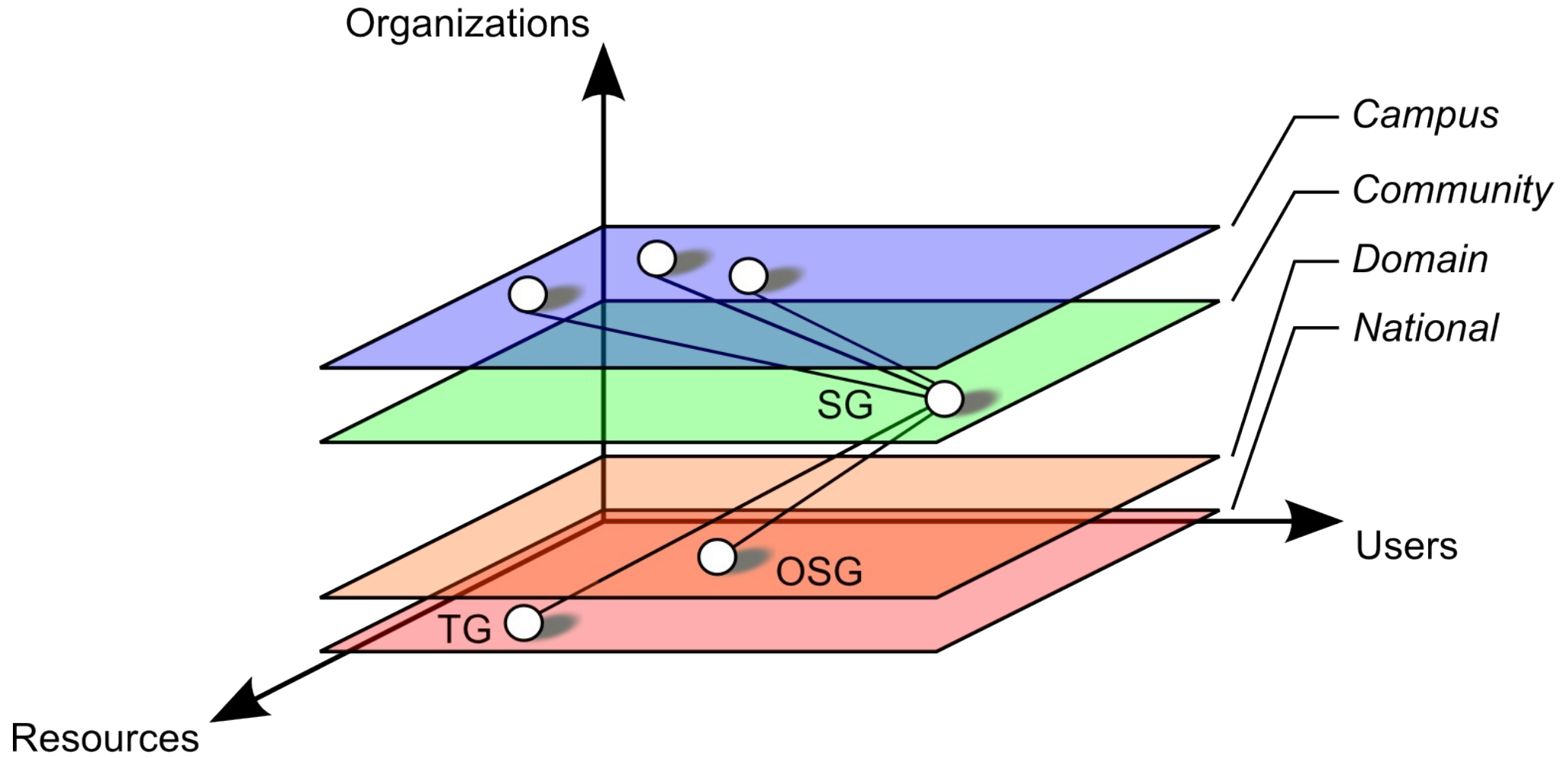
Cyberinfrastructure

- Confusing
- Complex
- Fragile
- Scary
- Myth
- ???

Dimensions of Complexity in CI

- Resources
 - Big, Small, Local, Remote, Instruments, Computers, Data, Oh My!
 - In short, it's everything
- Users
 - Scientists, Teachers, Students
 - Everyone (Implementors, Administrators, Secretaries)
- Organizations
 - Research Group, Campus, Regional, National, International
 - All of 'em
- No wonder CI is so complex!
- Greater Complexity = Greater Cost + Greater Risk
- We Need Order

A Coherent Cyberinfrastructure



TG=TeraGrid, OSG=Open Science Grid, SG=SURAgriid

Success = Less Complexity

- Make it Simple
 - “...but no simpler than it needs to be...” – Einstein
- Organizations Can Scope *Internal* Complexity
 - Set #Organizations = 1
 - (i.e. you make the rules)
 - Deal only with #Users and #Resources
 - Problem Solved!
- Organizations Cannot Scope *External* Complexity (...or can they?)

Scoping Complexity

- Sources of External Complexity
 - Established but Divergent Procedures
 - Non-Uniform Talent Distribution
 - Different User Requirements and Support Needs
 - Governance
 - Operational Transparency
 - Trust
- Solutions to External Complexity
 - Operational Transparency
 - (Trust and Autonomy)
 - Consistent Interface to Remote (and Local) Resources
 - (Sustainability)
- We need an Organizing Framework

The Open Source Model

- Overcomes barriers in complex environments
 - Distance, skill, and the many people, many organizations, *and* many resources problem
- Organization around vexing problems
 - Bring experts together to solve real use-cases and identify common needs
- Order through similar project interfaces
 - Overview, Documentation, User and Developer Forums, Bug Tracking, Downloads, About
- Sustainability through open solutions
 - Contributions, derivative works, and autonomy

Open Source Patterns

- Access to accumulated understanding of a process
- Community dialog: mailing lists, forums, wikis
- Use-case discovery through user engagement
- Issue tracking
- Governance
- Freedom to Engage (and Disengage)

Familiar Open Source Communities

- **Linux Kernel**
 - Good example of competing vendors with self interest to support a common infrastructure on which to build value for their customers
- **Apache Software Foundation (ASF)**
 - Good model for community governance plus the above
- **Mozilla Firefox**
 - Good example of an open code base that encourages continued innovation in closed-source competitor products
- **SourceForge**
 - Good example of common project framework that offers a familiar user experience across projects and open reporting of development metrics
- **Globus Toolkit**
 - Good example of adopting OSS model to build a shared infrastructure

Applying the Model to Build CI

- Build Open Communities of Practice
- Document CI deployment and implementation best practices
- Software is just codified knowledge of process
- Open implementations support collaboration
- Open development builds trust and collaboration
- Transparency protects autonomy

CI Practices are the Source

- Campus bridging is software too!
 - We're just not accustomed to “seeing” the code at such high levels: instantiate project wiki, add authorization zone (myCollaborators), post updates
- Program CI in high-level business process abstractions not assembly languages
 - This is the level at which we should be programming – instead we get stuck at the technology point of “assembly languages” (check this, move that, jump here, jump there).

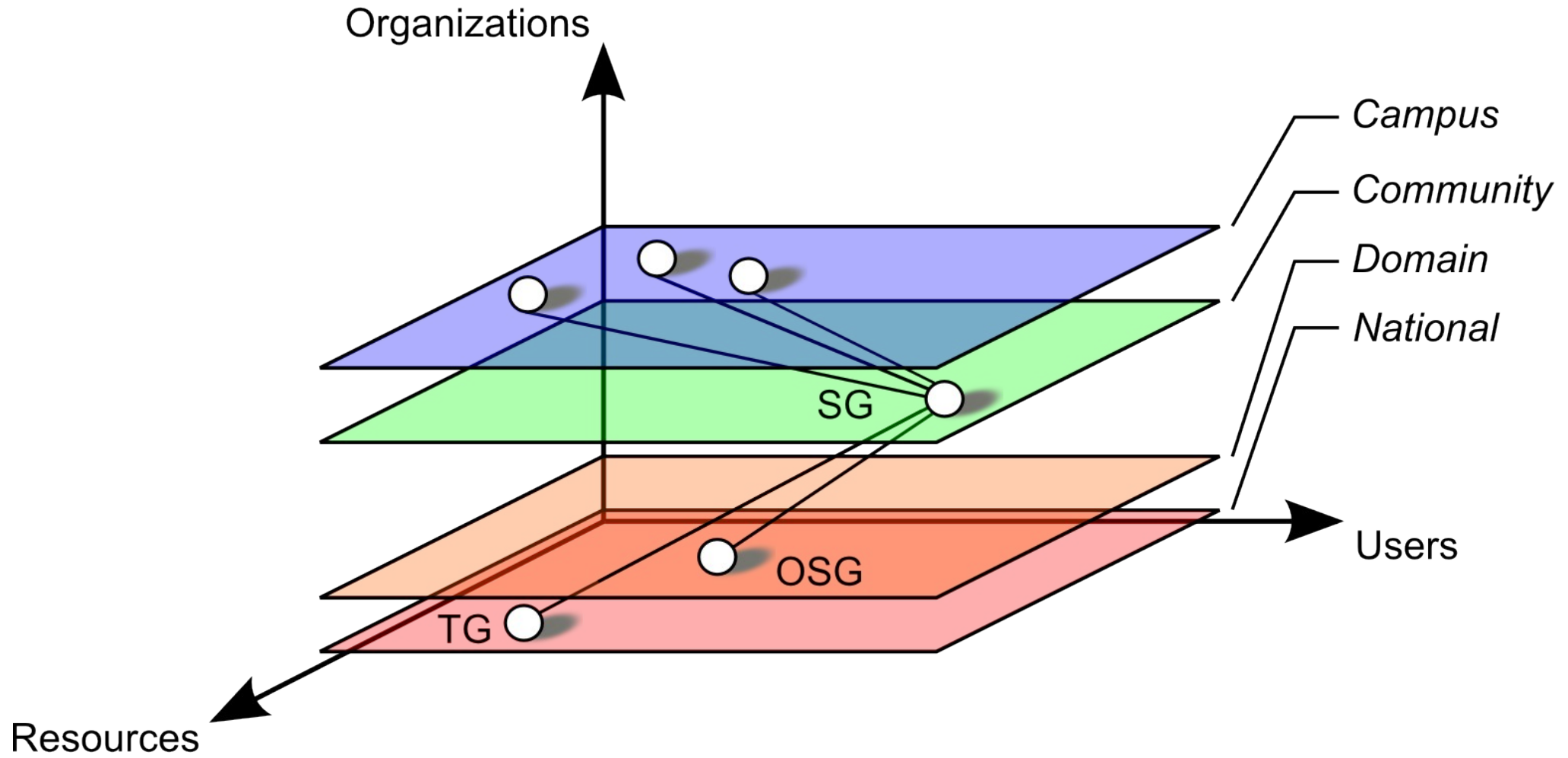
Benefits of Model

- Modularity
 - Supports Extensibility
 - Address Local Needs
- Sustainability
 - Internalized Services Support
 - Self-interest in maintaining operating infrastructure
- Reproducibility
 - Codified Environments
 - Codified deployment supportl software provenance
- Natural selection of effective solutions

Structure for Communities of Practice

- Open Interfaces to Campus
 - UABgrid – an open development environment for campus CI development
 - Projects fill campus needs by addressing community use-cases
- Open Cooperation Across Campuses
 - SURAgrid – an open community of practice for CI deployment at campus
 - A success of the NSF Middleware Initiative (circa 2003)
 - Governance by community members (circa 2006)
 - Developed 4 year Strategic Plan for Deploying CI across member sites (August 2008)
 - Strategic Goals: Outreach, Infrastructure, Communications, Sustainability, Corporate Partnership

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Challenges

- Need to grow community
 - We have supported this because we believe in the vision and have experienced the benefits (we have been building with shoe-string budgets)
 - We need growth capital to bridge the gap to maturity – where community operations are self-sustained because they are internal to the business operations of the member organizations
- Significant barriers in established operating models
- Requires willingness to work with new organizing models – *collaborate* not *control*

What's Needed?

- Expand the community of implementors who will integrate CI into campus and collaboratively build solutions
- Support for this community and the process
- Measure success and growth of community
- Adjust & Repeat
- Core CI “comes out in the wash”...it's the foundation that everyone builds on

Further Reading

- SURAgrid Strategic Plan
- UABgrid Development Project
- Developing A Coherent Cyberinfrastructure (CASC/Educause)
- NSF Software Sustainability Workshop
- Coming Soon: SURAgrid white paper on building CI communities of practice

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