



Measurement Service Requirements in a GENI Experiment Slice

(encompassing Internet2 backbone resources)

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Topics of Discussion

- What is different in GENI facility measurements?
- GENI Measurement Projects
- OnTimeMeasure-GENI Measurement Service
 - Overview
 - Architecture
- Measurement Service Capabilities
- Discussion

What is different in GENI facility measurements?

- GENI supports testbeds aimed at “clean-slate” re-design of the Internet to overcome limitations of current Internet
- Users have greater options/control on measurements
 - Measurement server software/hardware
 - Advanced open-source/commercial instrumentation
 - Measurement service providers (who may customize)
 - Measurements across wired/wireless aggregates
 - Internet-scale measurements with “interesting” cross-traffic

GENI Measurement Projects (Spiral 2)

- Instrumentation Tools – Uni. Of Kentucky
- Measurement System – Led by Uni. of Wisconsin
- LAMP – Uni. of Delaware, Internet2
- Scalable Monitoring – Purdue Uni., HP
- OnTimeMeasure – The Ohio State Uni., OARnet/OSC

For details, see - <http://groups.geni.net/geni/wiki/SpiralTwo>

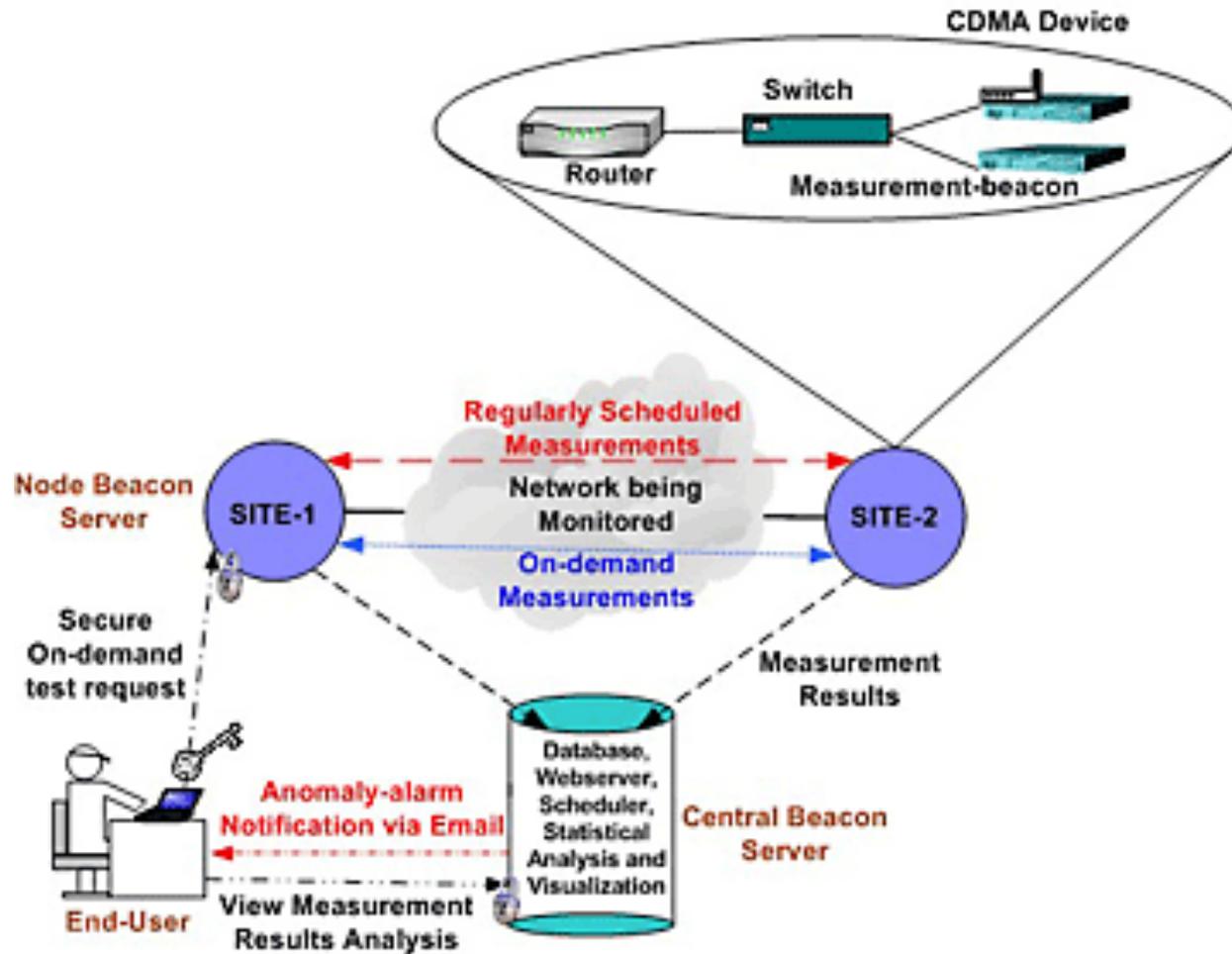
OnTimeMeasure-GENI Overview

- Goal: Provide GENI community with a shared measurement service for provisioning on-going and on-demand measurement requests
 - To be deployed on ProtoGENI testbed (distributed over Internet2 – WASH, UTAH, KANS) for researchers and GENI Meta Operations
- Expected Outcomes:
 - OnTimeMeasure-GENI Software to perform centralized and distributed measurement orchestration and provisioning of active measurements
 - Measurement service that uses OnTimeMeasure-GENI in GENI experiments to enable:
 - Network paths monitoring
 - Network weather forecasting
 - Network performance anomaly detection
 - Network-bottleneck fault-location diagnosis

OnTimeMeasure Software

- Customizable software [Calyam-TC] developed at OSC/OARnet
- Two main modules installed within a GENI experiment slice as part of an active measurement service
 - Node Beacon
 - Installs tools that measure network health metrics such as: route changes, delay, jitter, loss, bandwidth
 - TCP/UDP Iperf, Traceroute, Ping, Pathload, OWAMP, etc.
 - Runs measurements based on a schedule and outputs in “raw” and “processed” formats
 - Root Beacon
 - Installs Apache, MySQL, creates database tables, generates measurement schedules for node beacons, collects data and provides dashboard visualization, statistical analysis (i.e., anomaly detection and weather forecasting) with alarm generation

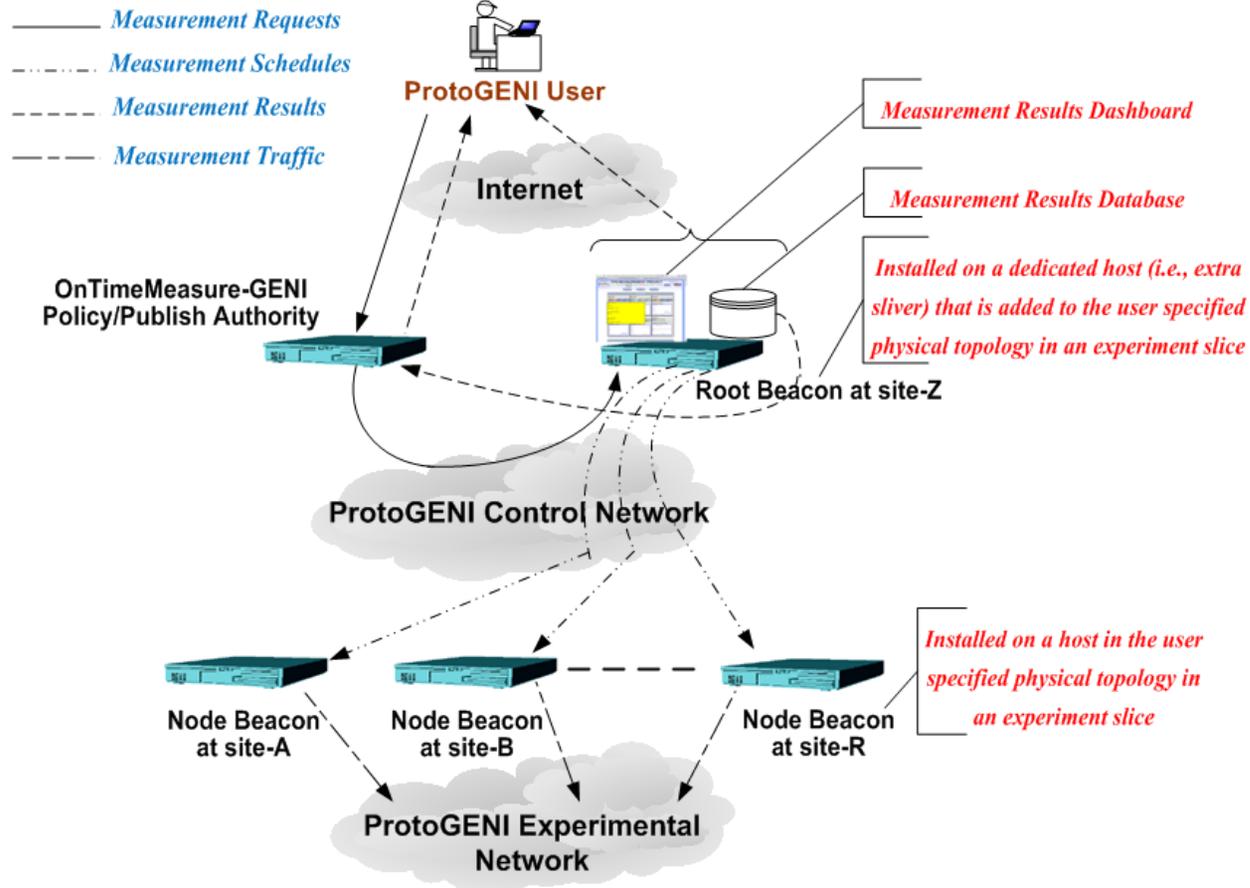
OnTimeMeasure Deployment



Assumptions

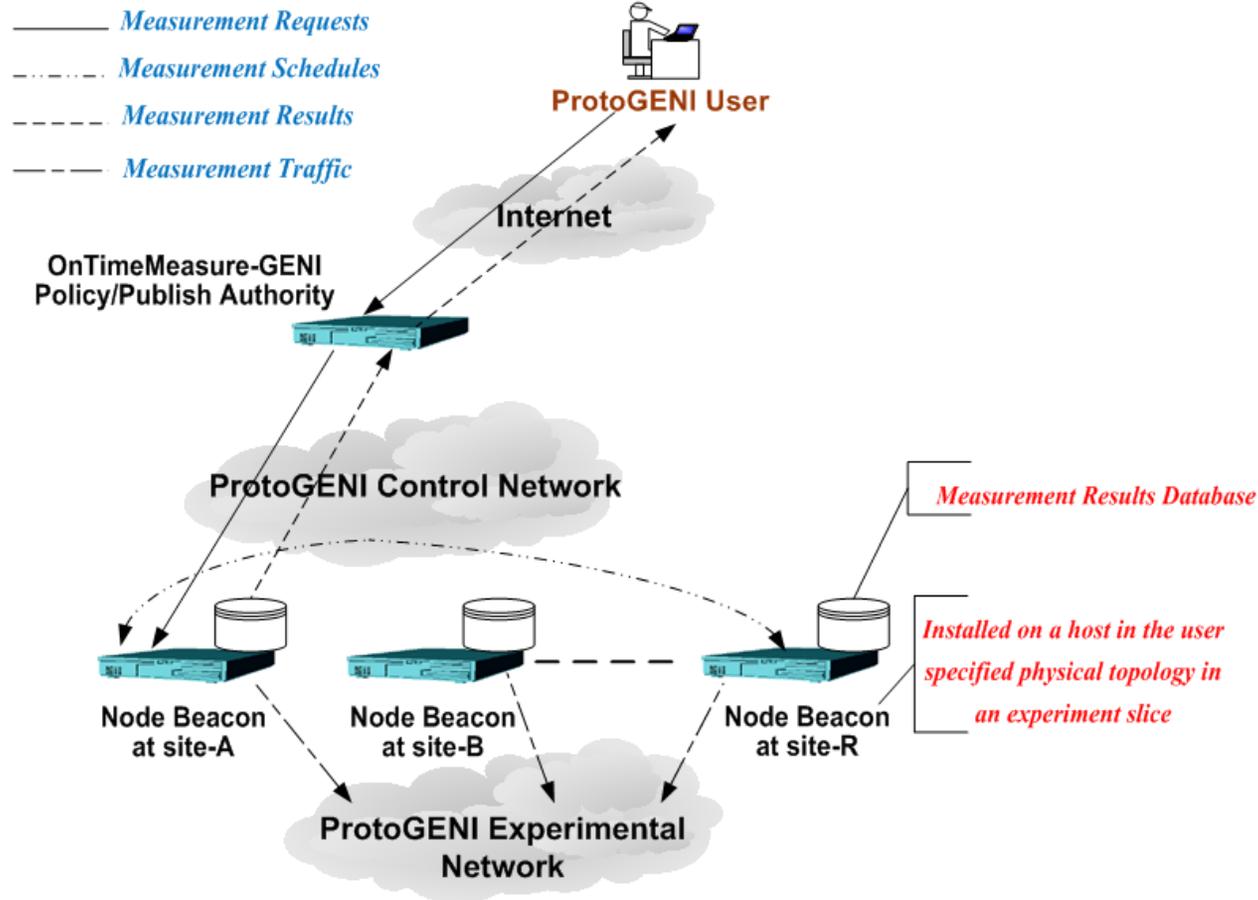
- All user requests for measurements are routed through the ProtoGENI control framework for slice requests
 - User requests measurement instances in an out-of-band fashion through ProtoGENI API or “My Experiments” web-page
- Each experiment slice needing measurement gets its own OnTimeMeasure-GENI instance
 - Rspec extensions could allow reservation of measurement resources
 - Node/Root Beacons get installed as slivers
- User sees centralized and distributed measurement data and related analysis display through separate OnTimeMeasure web-portal (can be linked from “My Measurements” web-page in ProtoGENI)
- User can also request measurement data using an OGF-NMWWG schema compliant client with corresponding slice experimenter’s credentials
- Every OnTimeMeasure-GENI instance metadata gets stored at GMOC

Centralized Orchestration



- Centralized scheduling for continuous monitoring, persistent measurements storage and processed network measurement feeds
 - Useful for “network weathermaps” and long-standing experiments with advanced measurement analysis capabilities

Distributed Orchestration



- Distributed scheduling for on-demand measurement requests without need for persistent measurements storage
 - Useful for users or helper apps needing one-off or occasional raw measurement tool outputs

Measurement Service Capabilities

- Active measurement request handling
 - Sampling requirements (e.g., periodic, stratified random, random, adaptive)
 - Active measurement tools to be used (e.g., Ping, Traceroute, Iperf)
 - Measurement topology (e.g., full-mesh, tree, hybrid)
- Enforce policies for measurements scheduling
 - Semantic priorities (e.g., superGENI-er vs. GENI-er)
 - Measurement level restrictions (e.g., allowable measurement bandwidth and measurement flow duration for different nodes/paths/user-roles)
- Provide raw and processed measurement
 - Measurements provisioning interfaces (e.g., raw output of a tool to human/component-service, processed output of multiple tools to a viz application)
 - Measurement use context (e.g., curiosity about network path(s) performance in a new slice, network-awareness in an experiment to develop a novel network control scheme, troubleshoot a network bottleneck affecting an advanced application)

Discussion

- How will researchers use GENI measurement services?
- How will national, regional and campus network operators take advantage of GENI measurement services?
- How will industry adapt their strategies to support GENI measurement services?
- How will home users benefit from GENI measurement services?

Thank you for your attention ! 😊